



CALL FOR PAPERS

7th African Population Conference

***JOHANNESBURG – SOUTH AFRICA,
NOV. 30 – DEC 4, 2015***

DEMOGRAPHIC DIVIDEND IN AFRICA: PROSPECTS, OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES

Hosted by the Government of South Africa and the Union for African Population Studies

BACKGROUND

Every four years, The Union for African Population Studies (UAPS) organizes a general conference on the African population. The aim of this conference is to share and disseminate research evidence on population and development issues and explore ways for applying the research evidence to improve policies and programs aimed at uplifting the well being of people in Africa. The conferences include various capacity building activities targeted at young scholars. The conference provides an opportunity for networking and knowledge sharing among researchers, policy makers, program managers, international development partners, and other key stakeholders in the population field.

The seventh African Population Conference will be jointly hosted by the Government of South Africa and UAPS between November 30 to 4 December 2015 on the theme “**Demographic Dividend in Africa: Prospects, Opportunities and Challenges**”. We invite submissions for research papers, assessments of best practices, proposals for workshops, posters and exhibitions under the sessions grouped across the 16 sub-themes and sessions listed below.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMITTING ABSTRACTS AND PAPERS

1. Submissions are made online starting June 1, 2015 at the 7th African Population Conference Website, <http://uaps2015@princeton.edu> . All authors are asked to submit both: a) a short (150 word) abstract to be entered online; and b) either an extended abstract (2-4 pages, including tables) or a completed paper to be uploaded to the website following instructions available online. Authors may modify their submission online at any time until July 31, 2015.
2. Extended abstracts must be sufficiently detailed to allow the session organizer assess the merits of the paper, including a description of the topic to be studied, the theoretical focus, the data and research methods, and the expected findings. Alternatively, authors can submit completed papers for the organizer to review. If your submission is accepted in a regular session you must upload the full paper by October 30, 2015.
3. The 7APC program website will allow session organizers to view titles and authors of submitted papers as they are received online. The author making the submission must provide the full name, e-mail, address, affiliation, and country of residence. Co-authors may visit the website to add information such as addresses, phone numbers, fax numbers and e-mail addresses.
4. You may submit your paper to one or two regular sessions by indicating your first and second choice on the submission form. Authors submitting a paper to regular sessions may also have their paper considered for a poster session; see below for details.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMITTING POSTERS

1. Authors are encouraged to submit abstracts/papers for consideration as posters. All of the above instructions for paper/abstract submissions also apply for poster submissions.
2. Authors submitting a paper to one or two regular sessions may also have their paper considered for a poster session if it is not accepted in a regular session. If you want your paper to be considered for a poster session please check “yes” in the appropriate area of the online submission form.

IMPORTANT DATES

- June 1, 2015: Online submission of papers or abstracts starts
- July 31, 2015: Deadline for submitting papers or abstracts
- August 15, 2015: Authors are notified of papers accepted to regular sessions.
- August 31, 2015: Information to authors of posters and additional sessions, including member/partner initiated meetings to be incorporated in the main programme

- Sept 30, 2015: Revision of final abstracts to be published in the Conference Programme
- October 30, 2015: Submission of final papers to conference website and to discussants and session chairs
- November 30, 2015: Conference Begins

If you have any questions please contact: uaps2015@princeton.edu

CONFERENCE SUB-THEMES AND SESSIONS

1. Fertility Transitions

- 101 Status, Patterns and Determinants of Fertility Transitions
- 102 Theories of Contemporary Fertility Transitions
- 103 Fertility Desires: Measurement, Determinants and Consequences
- 104 Case Studies of Exceptionally Low and High Fertility Rates
- 105 Case Studies of Stalled Fertility Transitions
- 106 Infertility and Secondary Sterility

2. Sexual and Reproductive Health

- 201 Sexual and Reproductive Health Needs and Rights
- 202 Trends, Determinants and Consequences of Induced Abortion
- 203 Gender, Reproductive Health and Development
- 204 Sex and Sexuality in Africa
- 205 Men's Sexual and Reproductive Health
- 206 Youth Access to SRH Services and Information

3. Family Planning

- 301 Emerging Patterns and Determinants of Contraceptive Use
- 302 Social Benefits of Investments in Family Planning
- 303 Men's Role in Family Planning/ Reproductive Health
- 304 Barriers to Contraceptive Use and Enhancing Commodity Security
- 305 Unmet Need for Family Planning- Measurement and Conceptual Issues

4. Adult Health, Mortality, and Ageing

- 401 Levels and Causes of Adult Mortality
- 402 Ageing and Adult Health: Trends and Socioeconomic Implications
- 403 Context and Consequences of Health Transitions in Africa
- 404 Employment and Health
- 405 National Policies, Intergenerational Transfers and the Well-being of the Elderly
- 406 Determinants, Patterns and Consequences of Non-communicable Diseases in Africa
- 407 Social Inequalities and Health Outcomes

- 5. Maternal, New born and Child Health**
 - 501 Maternal Mortality: Measurements, Trends and Consequences
 - 502 Improving Neonatal and Infant Health
 - 503 Health System and Maternal, New born and Child Health
- 6. Children, Youth, and Transition to Adulthood**
 - 601 Impacts of Child Nutrition and Health on Later Life Outcomes
 - 602 Demographic Dividend and Youth Development
 - 603 Structural Inequality and Opportunities for Young People
 - 604 Child Labour and Vulnerability: Trends and Policies
 - 605 Adolescent Pregnancy and Fertility
 - 606 Adolescent Health: Determinants and Consequences
 - 607 Marginalised and High Risk Youth
 - 608 Demography of Human Capital Development in Africa
 - 609 Sexuality Education
- 7. Migration Patterns, Trends and Consequences**
 - 701 Migration Flows: Inter-African, New Destinations and Return Migrations
 - 702 Female Migration: Patterns, Adaptation and Lifestyle
 - 703 International Migration and Human Capital
 - 704 Labour Protections and Opportunities for Migrants
 - 705 Refugees and Internally Displaced Persons
 - 706 Consequences of International Migration and Impact on Development
 - 707 Migration, Remittances and Development in Origin countries
- 8. Determinants and Consequences of Urbanization**
 - 801 Patterns, Trends and Consequences of Urbanization
 - 802 Urban Health: Pathologies, Crime and Violence
 - 803 Residential Instability of Young People
 - 804 Migration and Urbanization
 - 805 Urban Livelihoods: Urbanization and Well-being
 - 806 Urban Planning and Policy
- 9. Marriage and Family**
 - 901 Social Change and Family Dynamics
 - 902 Changing Household Structures
 - 903 Marriage and Family Aspirations of Young People
 - 904 Union Formation and Dissolution: Trends and Determinants
 - 905 Gender, Work, Marriage, and Family
 - 906 Child Fosterage and Adoption: Trends, Patterns and Determinants
- 10. Population and Development**
 - 1001 Africa, the Millennium Development Goals and Beyond
 - 1002 Demographic Dividends and the Post-2015 Development Agenda
 - 1003 Population and Economic Outcomes at the Micro and Macro levels
 - 1004 Determinants of Labour Market Participation

- 1005 Impacts of Health on Socioeconomic Development
- 1006 The Youth Bulge: Needs and Opportunities
- 1007 Demography of Ethnicity in Africa
- 1008 Demography, Development and Democracy in Africa

11. Population, Environment and Climate Change

- 1101 Climate Change and Food Security
- 1102 Climate Change and Health Interlinkages
- 1103 Population, Environment and Conflict

12. Population and Gender

- 1201 Demographic Change and Implications for Gender Roles
- 1202 Changing Gender Values: Determinants and Demographic Outcomes
- 1203 Gender-based Violence: Context and Consequences
- 1204 Masculinity, Population, Health and Development

13. HIV/AIDS, STI's, and Sexual Behaviour

- 1301 Epidemiology and Demography of HIV/AIDS
- 1302 Socioeconomic Impact of HIV/AIDS
- 1303 Behavioural Responses to HIV/AIDS and STIs
- 1304 Access and Use of Testing, PMTCT and ARTs
- 1305 Emerging Patterns of Sexual Networking in the Era of HIV/AIDS

14. Programs and Policies

- 1401 Evaluation of Youth Interventions
- 1402 Evaluation of Population, Reproductive Health and HIV policies and programs
- 1403 Lessons on Integrating Population, Reproductive Health and HIV Programs
- 1404 Domestic resource mobilization and utilization for demographic dividend
- 1405 Public policies for harnessing Demographic Dividend: lessons from the past and new challenges

15. Methodological Issues and Data Sources

- 1501 Census and Civil Registration Systems
- 1502 Demographic Surveillance Systems and Policy-making
- 1503 Data Quality Issues in African Surveys and Censuses
- 1504 New Methods of Data Collection: Opportunities and Challenges
- 1505 Methodological Issues in Estimation of Mortality
- 1506 Trends Analysis and Life Course Research in Population Studies
- 1507 Addressing the Data Gaps on Adolescents and Youth
- 1508 Big Data and Data Revolution
- 1509 Ethical Issues in Research
- 1510 Methodological issues in the Measurement of Poverty and Human Welfare
- 1511 Innovative Applications of Qualitative methods in Population Research
- 1512 Applications of Spatial Analysis in Demography
- 1513 Small Area Estimation in Africa
- 1514 Data for the Demographic Dividend

16. Others

17. Proposals for Panel discussions and Pre- and Post-Conference Workshops (please contact Priscilla Annor (uaps@uaps-uepa.org) at the UAPS Secretariat as well as ISC Chair (Clifford.Odimegwu@wits.ac.za)).